

## Estructuras verbales

### Tiempos del presente y del pasado

#### Presente simple

I **work** at a hospital.  
Do you **live** in La Plata?  
We **don't live** in Buenos Aires.

He **plays** tennis.  
Does she **speak** Italian?  
It **doesn't rain** in winter.

They **go** to school.  
Do they **play** the guitar?  
They **don't come** from Spain.

#### Presente continuo

I'm **working** (now).  
Are you **staying** at a hotel?  
We **aren't watching** TV.

He's **playing** tennis (now).  
Is she **learning** French?  
It **isn't raining**.

They're **going** to school (now).  
Are they **having** lunch (now)?  
They **aren't speaking**.

#### Pasado simple

I **played** tennis yesterday.  
Did you **play** tennis yesterday?  
We **didn't play** last week.

He **left** five minutes ago.  
Did she **leave** early today?  
He **didn't leave** at 8 o'clock.

They **ate** fish last night.  
Did they **eat** beef for lunch?  
They **didn't eat** soup for lunch.

#### Pasado continuo

I **was working** at that time.  
Were you **staying** at a hotel?  
We **weren't watching** TV.

He **was playing** tennis at 8.  
Was she **learning** French then?  
It **wasn't raining** at that time.

They **were going** to school.  
Were they **having** lunch then?  
They **weren't speaking** then.

## Tiempos perfectos del presente y del pasado

### Presente perfecto

I've **talked** with Susan.  
**Have** you ever **talked** to her?  
 We **haven't talked** yet.

He's (already) **read** that book.  
**Has** she **read** that book (yet)?  
 She **hasn't read** that book (yet).

They've already **eaten**.  
**Have** they (ever) **eaten** caviar?  
 They **haven't eaten** (yet).

### Presente perfecto continuo

I've **been talking** with Susan.  
**Have** you **been talking** to her?  
 We **haven't been talking** lately.

He's **been reading** a lot lately.  
**Has** she **been reading** a lot?  
 She **hasn't been reading** much.

They've **been eating** a lot lately.  
**Have** they **been eating** a lot?  
 They **haven't been eating** much.

### Pasado perfecto

I'd **talked** with Susan by then.  
**Had** you **talked** to her by then?  
 We **hadn't talked** before that.

He'd (already) **read** it by that time.  
**Had** she **read** it before that?  
 She **hadn't read** it before.

They'd already **eaten** by then.  
**Had** they **eaten** caviar before?  
 They **hadn't eaten** by then.

### Pasado perfecto continuo

I'd **been talking** with Susan.  
**Had** you **been talking** to her?  
 We **hadn't been talking**.

He'd **been reading** a lot.  
**Had** she **been reading** a lot?  
 She **hadn't been reading** much.

They'd **been eating** before that.  
**Had** they **been eating** before?  
 They **hadn't been eating**.

## Tiempos del presente y del futuro

### Presente continuo

I'm **studying** tonight.  
**Are** you **coming** tomorrow?  
 We **aren't buying** a TV.

He's **playing** tennis at 8.  
**Is** she **getting** married?  
 It **isn't starting** until May.

They're **moving** to Italy.  
**Are** they **staying** for lunch?  
 They **aren't meeting** her today.

### Futuro con "going to"

I'm **going to study** (tonight).  
**Are** you **going to come**?  
 We **aren't going to buy** a TV.

He's **going to play** tennis at 8.  
**Is** she **going to get** married?  
 It **isn't going to start** until May.

They're **going to move** to Italy.  
**Are** they **going to stay** for tea?  
 They **aren't going to meet** her.

### Futuro simple

I'll **study** tonight.  
**Will** you **come** tomorrow?  
 We **won't buy** a TV.

He'll **play** tennis with him.  
**Will** she **get** married?  
 It **won't rain** today.

They'll **move** to Italy soon.  
**Will** they **stay** for lunch?  
 They **won't meet** her this week.

### Condicional simple

I'd **study** if I had the books.  
**Would** you **come** tomorrow?  
 We **wouldn't buy** a TV if ...

He'd **play** tennis with him if ...  
**Would** she **get** married if ...?  
 It **wouldn't rain** if ...

They'd **move** to Italy if ...  
**Would** they **stay** for lunch?  
 They **wouldn't meet** her if ...

## Voz pasiva

### Estructura básica

The police **arrested** the criminals this morning.

SUJETO VERBO OBJETO

The criminals **were arrested** this morning (by the police).

SUJETO BE + PARTICIPIO PASADO (AGENTE)

### Verbos con dos objetos

Susan **sent John** an invitation last week.

**John was sent** an invitation last week (by Susan).

An invitation **was sent to John** last week (by Susan).

### Verbos con una cláusula como objeto

People **think that he** killed his wife.

**He is thought** to have killed his wife.

**It is thought** that he killed his wife.

### Voz activa

He **tidies** the room.

He **is tidying** the room.

He **has tidied** the room.

He **tidied** the room.

He **was tidying** the room.

He **had tidied** the room.

He **is going to tidy** the room.

He **will tidy** the room.

He **would tidy** the room.

He **can tidy** the room.

He **might tidy** the room.

### Voz pasiva

The room **is tidied**.

The room **is being tidied**.

The room **has been tidied**.

The room **was tidied**.

The room **was being tidied**.

The room **had been tidied**.

The room **is going to be tidied**.

The room **will be tidied**.

The room **would be tidied**.

The room **can be tidied**.

The room **might be tidied**.

## Ejemplos de traducción de una oración pasiva

The building **was painted** last week.

El edificio **fue pintado** la semana pasada.

PASIVA PERIFRÁSTICA

El edificio **estaba pintado** la semana pasada.

PASIVA DE ESTADO

El edificio **se pintó** la semana pasada.

PASIVA REFLEJA

Coca leaves **are used** to produce cocaine.

Las hojas de coca **son utilizadas** para producir cocaína.

PASIVA PERIFRÁSTICA

\_\_\_\_\_

PASIVA DE ESTADO

Las hojas de coca **se utilizan** para producir cocaína.

PASIVA REFLEJA

The passengers **are expected** to arrive on Friday.

\_\_\_\_\_

PASIVA PERIFRÁSTICA

\_\_\_\_\_

PASIVA DE ESTADO

**Se espera** que los pasajeros lleguen el viernes.

PASIVA REFLEJA

The team **was defeated** by Fiorentina in the Super Cup.

El equipo **fue derrotado** por la Fiorentina en la Supercopa.

PASIVA PERIFRÁSTICA

\_\_\_\_\_

PASIVA DE ESTADO

\_\_\_\_\_

PASIVA REFLEJA